SUMMER VILLAGE	Summer Village of S PO Box 8 Alberta Beach AB Phone: (587) 873 Fax: (780) 967	the inspections groupinc.
		uthview.com SYSTEM APPLICATION FORM
pplication Date:		Estimated Project Start Date:
אריימווטוו שמוב.		Estimated Project Completion Date:
<b>pplicant Type:</b> Homeowner re Permit Holder hereby certifies that this installation w issue of the permit, (b) is suspended or abandoned for	vill be completed in accordance with the Alberta Safety	n (Labour & Material including Equipment) \$
Owner Name:	Ma	ailing Address:
City.	Prov: Postal Code:	Phone: Fax:
Owner's Signature / Declaration (Single F "I hereby declare I am the owner of the premises in applicable Act and Regulations"	Cell: Cell: which the work will be conducted, and reside or will re-	Email:
Company Name:	Ma	ailing Address:
		Phone:Fax:
Cell:	Email:	
PSDS Installer's Number	Print Private Sewage Installer's Name	Installer's Signature
Project Location in the Summer Villa		
Street Address:		Not de
		ship: Range: West of: Block: Plan:
	Lot	
INSTALLATION:	TYPE OF WORK:	TREATMENT / DISPOSAL METHODS
New installation		(COMPLETE ALL APPLICABLE ITEMS):
Alteration	Residential	Treatment Mound Disposal Field
Expected Volume of Sewage:	Number of Bedrooms	Sewage Lagoon Open (Surface) Discharge
m3 per day		Sand Filter     Packaged Sewage Treatment Plant
Litres per day	Work Camp	Septic Tank Size
Gallons per day	Other	Sewage Holding Tank Size:
		□ Other
Description of Work:		
		SITE EVALUATION REPORT.
Payment Type: Cash Cheque Permit Fee: \$		The Inspections Group Inc. 300W, 14310 – 111 Avenue NW
· •		EDMONTON AB T5M 3Z7 Phone: (780) 454 5048 Toll Free: (866) 554 5048
+ SCC Levv*: \$		
+ SCC Levy*: \$		Fax: (780) 454 5046 Toll Free: (866) 454 5046 Fax: (780) 454 5222 Toll Free: (866) 454 5222 www.inspectionsgroup.com

IN WILL

REMIT PAYMENT AND APPLICATION TO THE INSPECTIONS GROUP INC. PLEASE CONTACT THE INSPECTIONS GROUP INC. FOR INSPECTIONS ALLOWING 2 – 5 WORKING DAYS NOTICE AND PROVIDE SAFE ACCESS. The personal information provided as part of this application is collected under the Safety Codes Act and the Municipal Government Act and in accordance with the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act. The information is required and will be used for issuing permits, safety codes compliance verification and monitoring, and property assessment purposes. The name of the permit holder and the nature of the permit is available to the public upon request. If you have any questions about the collection or use of the personal information provided, please contact the Municipality.



## PSDS PERMIT APPLICATION CHECKLIST

## A COMPLETE SITE EVALUATION REPORT, AS PER THE 2021 ALBERTA PRIVATE SEWAGE SYSTEMS STANDARD OF PRACTICE (SOP) PART 7 SITE EVALUATION, IS REQUIRED WITH THE PERMIT APPLICATION. THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS ARE TO BE INCLUDED WITH YOUR COMPLETE SITE EVALUATION REPORT.

### TREATMENT FIELD, MOUND, OR LFH AT-GRADE SYSTEMS

- □ Wastewater strength projected for the development.
- Peak flow volume calculations for the development including confirmation plumbing fixture unit total is not exceeded.
- □ Site plan as per current SOP Section 7.1 Site Characteristics and Evaluation Procedures including placement of system with setbacks noted for property lines, buildings, water sources/courses, description of surface features including slope and landscape, location of at least two (2) soil profile investigation locations in the area of the soil-based treatment system, etc.
- The characteristics of each soil profile investigated shall be described using Canadian System of Soil Classification nomenclature and includes complete site specific soil profile logs for at least two (2) locations, soil sample results of the most limiting condition, GPS coordinates of each soil profile with permanent benchmark, depth of each horizon identified, soil Colour (Munsell Nomenclature), soil texture, structure and grade, depth to most limiting condition, restrictive layer (if applicable), etc.
- Description of treatment system including a system diagram, piping to tank details, initial treatment (septic tank/ treatment plant), piping to and throughout final soil treatment component.
- □ Soil based treatment system design calculations, including pressure distribution system if applicable.
- □ Tank certification information CAN/CSA-B66 certificate or equivalent
- Package sewage treatment plant treatment capacity, equipment structural requirements and certification (if applicable).
- D Pump, if required by design. Manufacturer and pump curve to ensure flow capacity.
- □ High level alarm make/model.
- □ Filter type.

### **HOLDING TANK**

- Expected wastewater volume/day including tank storage capacity, bedroom count current and proposed.
- □ Site plan showing placement of system with setbacks noted for property, buildings and water source.
- □ Tank certification information CAN/CSA-B66 certificate or equivalent
- □ High level alarm make/model

### **OPEN DISCHARGE SYSTEM**

- Peak flow volume calculations for the development including confirmation plumbing fixture unit total is not exceeded.
- □ Site plan as per current SOP Section 7.1 Site Characteristics and Evaluation Procedures including placement of system with setbacks noted for property lines, buildings, water sources/courses, description of surface features including slope and landscape, location of at least one (1) soil profile investigation location in the area of the soil-based treatment system, etc.
- The characteristics of each soil profile investigated shall be described using Canadian System of Soil Classification nomenclature and includes complete site specific soil profile logs for at least one (1) location, soil sample results of the most limiting condition, GPS coordinates of each soil profile with permanent benchmark, depth of each horizon identified, soil Colour (Munsell Nomenclature), soil texture, structure and grade, depth to most limiting condition, restrictive layer (if applicable), etc.
- Description of treatment system including a system diagram, piping to tank details, Septic Tansnk, piping to and throughout final soil treatment component.
- □ Tank certification information CAN/CSA CSA-B66 certificate or equivalent
- D Pump, if required by design. Manufacturer and pump curve to ensure flow capacity
- □ High level alarm make/model
- □ Filter type.



# PSDS Application Design Summary

This document must be filled out with ALL relevant information or your application may be returned

Legal Land Description															
Quarter	Sectio	on	Townshi	р	Range	٧	West of		Lot	B	lock	Plan			
Municipal Address															
Development Details															
Property type New – Renovation – Repair - Replacement (Circle One)												<mark>le One)</mark>			
Total Bedro	ooms	Oc	cupant Tot	tal	Avera	nge D	Daily Flow	Peak I	Daily	Flow					
Soil Information															
Test Pit(s) [	Depth	Lii	miting Lay	er Dep	pth	Re	strictive La	yer Dept	h	De	pth to	o Seasonal V	Vater		
Design Loa	ding Ra	te	Linear Lo	pading	g Rate	I	nfiltration	Area		Texture		Shape	Grade		
Primary Tre	eatmen	t <mark>(Cir</mark>	cle all that	t appl	<mark>y)</mark> Holo	ling	Tank – Sep	tic Tank	– Tre	atmei	nt Pla	nt			
Tank Size				Tanl	k Make	e/Mo	/Model Filter Type								
High Level	Alarm N	Лаke	/Model				Effluent Filter Make/Model								
					Add	ition	al Informat	tion							
All designs												e at:			
<u>https://ebs</u>	safety	code	s.ab.ca/dc	ocume	ents/w	ebdc	DCS/PI/PSS	<u>SOP 20</u>	21-w	eb6.p	<u>dt</u>				
Please note: NO WORK MAY START WITHOUT A PERMIT BEING ISSUED. An application is not a Permit.															
Design Doc	uments	s ma	y be found	l at: <u>h</u> i	ttps://	www	v.alberta.ca	a/private	e-sew	age-d	esign	<u>-tools</u>			

# Alberta Private Sewage Treatment System Soil Profile Log Form

Owner	Name or	Job ID.																
					Legal La	and Loca	ıtion							Test Pit GPS Coordinates				
LSD	-1/4	Sec	Twp	Rg	Mer	Mer Lot		B	loc	k		Plan		Easting			Northi	ng
Vegetati	on notes		<u> </u>		<u></u>	<u>.</u>			(	Overall	site slope %						1	
8											osition of tes							
Test hol	e No.		Soil Subgro	oup		Par	rent Materia	ıl		Ι	Drainage		Depth of	f Lab sam	ple #1		Depth of Lab samp	ole #2
				_														
Hori- zon		epth (in)	Texture	e Lat H		Colour		Gleying			Mottling	Structure	C	brade	Consisten	nce	Moisture	% Coarse Fragments
Depth to	Groundwat	er					Limiting	Soil Laye	r (	Characte	eristic, descri	be						
Depth to S	Seasonally	Saturated S	oil				Depth to	Limiting	So	il Layer								
Limiting Topography				Depth to Highly Permeable Layer														
Key Lir System		eatures or	1									·						
Weather (	Condition r	notes:																
Comment	s: such as 1	oot depth a	nd abundaı	nce or othe	r pertinent	observa	itions:											

## **Onsite Sewage System Site Evaluation Lot Diagram Sketch and Notes**

Project Name:	<u> </u>	Lot or Legal I	Description:	5		Ι	Date:	
Project Name:		Lot or Legal I	Description:				Date:	Show the proposed location of the onsite sewage system and the following items indicating their distances from the proposed system: trees floodplains wells water sources surface water bedrock outcrops buildings property lines easement lines ditches or
								interceptors banks or steep
								slopes fills driveways existing
								sewage systems underground utilities soil test pit
								and borehole locations
drainage course		slope direction	borehole BH 1⊂		Test Pit	P1 🗖		

Comments:

Property line GPS coordinates: GPS coordinates of well: GPS coordinate of tank: GPS coordinates of soil treatment component corners:

Additional information is required separately for the system design detail.

#### Figure 4: Diagrammatic representation of soil structure

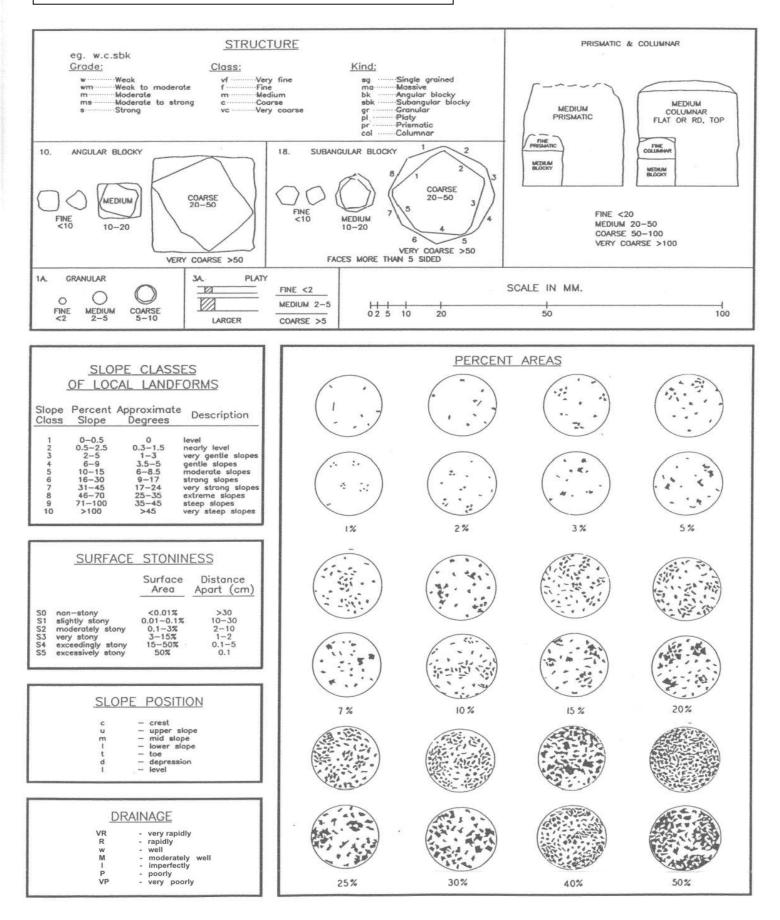


Table 10. Types, kinds and classes of soil structure.

Kind (Kind Code) Angular blocky (ABK) peds bounded by flattened, rectangular faces intersecting at relatively sharp angles	<ul> <li>Structure Class and Code</li> <li>VF: very fine angular blocky</li> <li>F: fine angular blocky</li> <li>M: medium angular blocky</li> <li>C: coarse angular blocky</li> <li>VC: very coarse angular blocky</li> </ul>	<b>Size<sup>1</sup> (mm)</b> <5 5-10 10-20 20-50 >50				
<b>Subangular blocky (SBK):</b> peds bounded by slightly rounded, subrectangular faces with vertices <sup>2</sup> of their intersections mostly subrounded	<ul> <li>VF: very fine subangular blocky</li> <li>F: fine subangular blocky</li> <li>M: medium subangular blocky</li> <li>C: coarse subangular blocky</li> <li>VC: very coarse subangular blocky</li> </ul>	<5 5-10 10-20 20-50 >50				
<b>Granular (GR):</b> spheroidal peds bounded by curved or very irregular faces that do not adjoin those of adjacent peds	<ul> <li>VF: very fine granular</li> <li>F: fine granular</li> <li>M: medium granular</li> <li>C: coarse granular</li> <li>VC: very coarse granular</li> </ul>	<1 1-2 2-5 5-10 >10				
<b>Platy (PL):</b> peds flat or platelike; horizontal planes more or less well developed	<ul> <li>VF: very fine platy</li> <li>F: fine platy</li> <li>M: medium platy</li> <li>C: coarse platy</li> <li>VC: very coarse platy</li> </ul>	<1 1-2 2-5 5-10 >10				
<b>Prismatic (PR):</b> vertical faces of peds well defined and vertices <sup>2</sup> angular (edges sharp); prism tops essentially flat	<ul> <li>VF: very fine prismatic</li> <li>F: fine prismatic</li> <li>M: medium prismatic</li> <li>C: coarse prismatic</li> <li>VC: very coarse prismatic</li> </ul>	<10 10-20 20-50 50-100 >100				
<b>Columnar (COL):</b> vertical edges near top of columns not sharp (vertices <sup>2</sup> subrounded); column tops flat, rounded, or irregular	<ul> <li>VF: very fine columnar</li> <li>F: fine columnar</li> <li>M: medium columnar</li> <li>C: coarse columnar</li> <li>VC: very coarse prismatic</li> </ul>	<10 10-20 20-50 50-100 >100				
Single grained (SGR): Massive (MA):	Loose, incoherent mass of individual primary particles, as in sands amorphous; a coherent mass showing no evidence of any distinct arrangement of soil particles; separates					
	<ul> <li>Angular blocky (ABK) peds bounded by flattened, rectangular faces intersecting at relatively sharp angles</li> <li>Subangular blocky (SBK): peds bounded by slightly rounded, subrectangular faces with vertices<sup>2</sup> of their intersections mostly subrounded</li> <li>Granular (GR): spheroidal peds bounded by curved or very irregular faces that do not adjoin those of adjacent peds</li> <li>Platy (PL): peds flat or platelike; horizontal planes more or less well developed</li> <li>Prismatic (PR): vertical faces of peds well defined and vertices<sup>2</sup> angular (edges sharp); prism tops essentially flat</li> <li>Columnar (COL): vertical edges near top of columns not sharp (vertices<sup>2</sup> subrounded); column tops flat, rounded, or irregular</li> <li>Single grained (SGR):</li> </ul>	Angular blocky (ABK) peds bounded by flattened, rectangular faces intersecting at relatively sharp anglesVF: very fine angular blocky F: fine angular blocky C: coarse angular blocky VC: very coarse angular blocky Subangular blocky (SBK): peds bounded by slightly rounded, subrectangular faces with vertices? of their intersections mostly subroundedVF: very fine subangular blocky F: fine subangular blocky C: coarse subangular blocky C: coarse subangular blocky WC: very coarse subangular blocky C: coarse subangular blocky WC: very coarse granular M: medium granular M: medium granular WC: very coarse granular WC: very coarse platy WC: very coarse platy WC: very coarse prismatic C: coarse prismatic M: medium prismatic C: coarse prismatic WC: very coarse prismatic C: coarse columnar M: medium columnar C: coarse columnar M: medium columnar C: coarse columnar WC: very coarse prismaticColumnar (COL): vertical edges near top of columns not sharp (vertices² subrounded); column top flat, rounded, or irregularVF: very fine columnar M: medium columnar C: coarse columnar WC: very coarse prismaticSingle grained (SGR):Loose, incoherent mass of indivi particles, as in sands				

Cloddy (CDY): not a structure; used to indicate the condition of some ploughed surface, grade, class, and shape too varied to be described in standard terms.

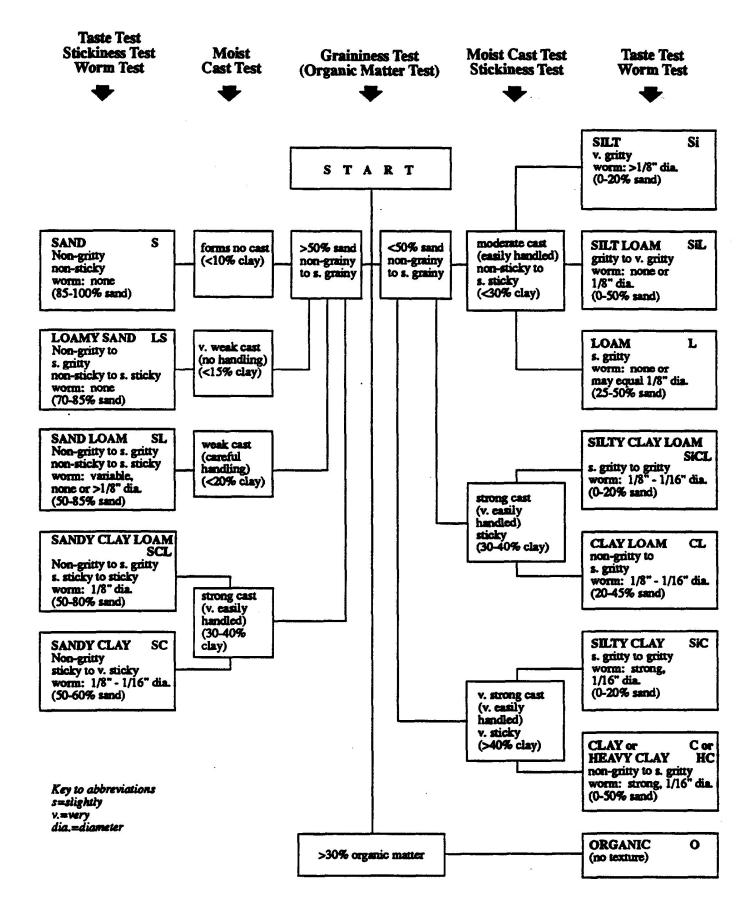
<sup>1</sup> The size limits refer to measurements in the smallest dimension of platy, prismatic, and columnar peds and to the largest of the nearly equal dimensions of blocky and granular peds.
 <sup>2</sup> Definition of vertex (plural, vertices): the intersection of two planes of a geometrical figure.

Consistence – moist soil								
Loose:	No intact sample can be obtained.							
Friable:	Structure breaks down with slight force between the fingers.							
• Firm:	Structure breaks down with moderate force between the fingers.							
• Extremely firm:	Structure breaks down with moderate force between the hands or							
	slight foot pressure.							
Rigid:	Structure breaks down only with foot pressure.							

Code		Structure Grade Definition
0	Massive /or single grained used to describe sands	This describes a soil that has no developed structure. There is no aggregation of primary particles or no definite orderly arrangement around natural lines o weakness.
1	Weak	Peds are either indistinct and barely evident in place, or observable in place buincompletely separated from adjacent peds. When disturbed, the soil materia separates into a mixture of only a few entire peds, many broken peds and much unaggregated material.
2	Moderate	Peds are moderately durable, and are evident but not distinct in the undisturbed soil. When disturbed, the soil material parts into a mixture of many we formed, entire peds, some broken peds, and little unaggregated material. Th peds may be handled without breaking and they part from adjoining peds to reveal nearly entire surfaces which have properties distinct from those caused by fracturing.
3	Strong	Peds are durable and evident in the undisturbed soil, adhere weakly to on another, withstand displacement and separate cleanly when the soil i disturbed. When removed, the soil material separates mainly into entire peds Surfaces of unbroken peds have distinctive properties, compared to surface that result from fracturing.

## Mottling Descriptions

Parameter	Code	Description					
Abundance	Few	<2% of the exposed surface					
	Common	2-20% of the exposed surface					
	Many	>20% of the exposed surface					
Size	Fine	< 5 mm					
	Medium	5-15 mm					
	Coarse	>15 mm					
Contrast	Faint	Evident only on close examination. Faint mottles commonly have the same hue as the colour to which they are compared and differ by no more than 1 unit of chroma or 2 units of value. Some faint mottles of similar but low chroma and value can differ by 2.5 units of hue.					
	Distinct	Readily seen, but contrast only moderately with the colour to which they are compared. Distinct mottles commonly have the same hue as the colour to which they are compared, but differ by 2 to 4 units of chroma or 3 to 4 units of value; or differ from the colour to which they are compared by 2.5 units of hue but by no ore than 1 unit of chroma or 2 units of value.					
	Prominent	Contrast strongly with the colour to which they are compared. Prominent mottles are commonly the most obvious colour feature in a soil. Prominent mottles that have medium chroma and value commonly differ from the colour to which they are compared by at least 5 units of hue if chroma and value are the same; or at least 1 unit of chroma or 2 units of value if hue differs by 2.5 units.					



	SYSTEM DRAWING													
× (														
														9
Comment														